

When Will Courts Refuse to Apply an Arbitration Clause?

Lessons from the experience of arrogant Tech Giants

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Where does the Problem Lie?

Arbitration (or Forum Selection clauses) can create problems in consumer agreements and employment contracts where there is significant inequality of bargaining power

Problems arise when either type of clause is designed to suppress rights rather than provide an effective forum for resolving disputes



Douez v. Facebook, SCC 2017

How does a forum selection clause that requires the resolution of all disputes by state or federal courts in Santa Clara affect arbitrations?

Similar principles govern application of arbitration clauses and forum selection clauses

Non-enforcement of Clause

Validity of a Forum Selection Clause is more important in commercial than consumer transactions

Relevant factors:

- Inequality of bargaining power (not exclusive)
- P's privacy right was quasi-constitutional and dependent on BC Privacy Act
- BC Act might override choice of law clause
- P would suffer by enforcing her rights in Calif.



Uber v. Heller, SCC 2020

H commences Ontario class action against Uber for breach of employment standards

H's contract provided for mediation and arbitration in Netherlands under ICC Rules

Rules required an upfront payment of \$14,500, plus payment of expenses

Could Uber obtain a stay of Ontario action?



SCC Dismisses Stay Application (8-1)

Arbitration Clause was unconscionable based on a simplified 2 factor test:

- 1. Inequality of bargaining power, as H had no hope of negotiating contract terms
- 2. An improvident contract that provided no reference to required \$14,500 payment, costs were disproportionately higher than any possible award and clause rendered H's contractual rights illusory



Brown J.'s Concurrence

Arbitration clause is unenforceable because it denied access to justice to Mr. Heller and was contrary to public policy

The majority approach undermines certainty of contracts by allowing decisions based on the "unreasoned intuition" of individual judges

What Should Arbitrators Do After Uber

- We need to recognise that there is a problem with certain types of arbitration clauses that prevent the assertion of even valid rights
- There is little to be gained by interventions to try and uphold such clauses
- There is much to be gained by working on criteria to be applied to suspect clauses and advocacy of changes to provincial legislation



A Possible Example

AB Consumer Protection Act, s. 16:

An arbitration clause (but not a FSC!) in a consumer transaction or an arbitration agreement with a consumer is void and unenforceable

Should an appropriate clause be added to Employment Standards Act, so as to isolate most problem clauses and reduce risk of attacks on proper arbitration clauses?